#### REFORT RESUMES

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AUTOHATION.

MANPOWER RESEARCH COUNCIL, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

REPORT NUMBER MRC-RR-2

PUB DATE NOV 64

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.25 MC-\$0.44 9F.

DESCRIPTORS- \*AUTOMATION, \*EMPLOYER ATTITUDES, \*EMPLOYMENT, EMPLOYMENT PROBLEMS, EMPLOYMENT TRENDS, INDUSTRY, SURVEYS,

THE MANPOWER RESEARCH COUNCIL, A NONPROFIT SERVICE ORGANIZATION, HAS AS ITS OBJECTIVE THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN INTERCHANGE AMONG THE MANUFACTURING AND SERVICE INDUSTRIES OF THE UNITED STATES OF INFORMATION ON EMPLOYMENT, INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS TRENDS AND ACTIVITIES, AND MANAGEMENT PROBLEMS. A SURVEY OF 200 MEMBER CORPORATIONS, EMPLOYING A TOTAL OF 824,772 PEOPLE SHOWED THE EFFECTS OF AUTOMATION ON EMPLOYMENT. FINDINGS WERE-- (1) 43 PERCENT BELIEVE THAT AUTOMATION WILL INCREASE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF JOBS WITHIN THE NEXT 5 YEARS. 28 PERCENT FEEL IT WILL DECREASE THE NUMBER OF JOBS, AND 29 PERCENT FEEL THE NUMBER OF JOBS WILL REMAIN ABOUT THE SAME, (2) 75 PERCENT INDICATED THAT AUTOMATION HAS ADDED NEW JOBS IN THEIR COMPANY IN THE LAST YEAR, AND (3) 28 PERCENT INDICATED THAT THEY ARE PRESENTLY SHORT OF PERSONNEL IN JOB CATEGORIES SPECIFICALLY RELATED TO AUTOMATION. MAJOR AREAS IN WHICH AUTOMATION WAS INTRODUCED OR EXTENDED DURING THE PAST YEAR WERE ACCOUNTING, PAYROLL, RECORD KEEPING, SALES ANALYSIS, AND MATERIAL HANDLING. THE EFFECT OF AUTOMATION ON EMPLOYEES WAS MINIHIZED BY NORMAL ATTRITION AND TRAINING DISPLACED EMPLOYEES FOR NEW JOBS. (PS)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION

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**RESEARCH REPORT NUMBER TWO:** 

# AUTOMATION



November 1964

A NON-PROFIT RESEARCH ORGANIZATION, SPONSORED AND OPERATED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE BY MANPOWER, INC.

#### STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The Manpower Research Council has as its objective the development of an interchange of information on employment, industrial relations trends and activities, and management problems among the manufacturing and service industries of the United States. The Council is organized without stock and not for profit, but as a public service. It is supported by donated funds, office space and personnel, under the aegis of Manpower Inc.

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### MANPOWER RESEARCH COUNCIL 820 NORTH PLANKINTON AVENUE • MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN 53203 • BR 2-8500



This comprehensive report details the experiences of the over 200 corporations, employing a total of 824,772 people, who are members of the Manpower Research Council.

The subject under discussion dealt with the effects of automation on employment.

A detailed analysis of the findings is contained on the following pages. Here is a brief summary:

- 43 per cent believe that automation will increase the total number of jobs within the next five years. 28 per cent feel it will decrease the number of jobs, while 29 per cent feel the number of jobs will remain about the same.
- 75 per cent indicated that automation has added new jobs in their company in the last year.
- 28 per cent indicated that they are presently short of personnel in job categories specifically related to automation.

During the past year the major areas in which automation was introduced or extended were as follows:

Accounting	. 21%
Payroll	. 20%
Record Keeping	. 17%
Sales Analysis	. 11%
Material Handling	
The effect of automation on employees has been minimized by tw	o techniques:
Normal attrition plus reduced lines	. 37%
Training displaced employees for new jobs	
The major factors limiting the expansion of automation in firms ar	e:
•	4.40/

However, 65 per cent of the respondents feel that other factors (new products, new services, etc.) have caused overall total employment to grow despite any personnel reduction recently from automation.

A limited number of additional copies of the report are available, should you wish to distribute them to others in your organization or to members of associations to which you belong.

A special form has been included on the last page of this booklet for that purpose.

Thank you for your cooperation. Within a short while you will be receiving the third questionnaire for use in gathering data for Research Report Number Three.

Elmer L. Winter

President, Manpower Research Council

210/

Milwaukee, Wisconsin



## MANPOWER RESEARCH COUNCIL SUBJ: AUTOMATION SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

1. In your opinion, will automation—on the whole—throughout the country—increase or decrease the total number	MFG.	SERVICE	RETAIL	BANK	INS.
	%	%	%	%	%
of jobs within the next 5 years?  Increase	47	39	53	31	11
	31	25	6	31	33
	22	36	41	38	56
2. In your opinion, will automation in your branch of industry, increase or decrease the total number of jobs in next 5 years?  Increase	32	15	56	23	11
	35	33	32	38	67
	33	52	12	39	22
3. In your opinion, will automation in your company's <i>Production areas</i> increase or decrease the total number of jobs within the next 5 years?  Increase	23	4	39	25	25
	41	32	23	38	38
	36	64	38	37	37

- Actual employment level has increased, because of a production level that has increased faster than the decreased need for workers because of automation.
- 4. In your opinion, will automation in your company's office areas increase or decrease the total number of jobs within the next 5 years?

thin the next 5 years?					
Increase	21	22	31	8	11
Decrease	39	26	38	42	67
Decrease	40	E2	24	50	22
The same	40	52	٦ i	50	22

5. Did your company <i>this year</i> introduce TOT or extend automation into the following kinds of operation.		s. SERVICE %	RETAIL %	BANK %	INS. %
Machining	6 8	1	2		
Material Handling		1	17		
Packaging			10		
Accounting		25	14	36	28
Payroll		21	27	28	28
Record-keeping		18	15	32	23
Research		9			1
Engineering		15		-	·
Sales analysis		10	15	4	19
6. How does your company try to minimize the effects of automation?  Normal attrition plus reduced hires 3  Severance Pay	7 9	9	37 3 26	42 3 38	44 — 33 —
training outside the plant.	2 3				
101 11011 1020	2 3	-	3		6
Pay all of the cost of re-training for new jobs	6 3	12	11	7	6
in other companies for displaced employees	5 6	5 7	3		
warning of planned automation 1	0 9	9	14	7	· 11
Other methods	-	. —	3	3	
Other memous	_	•	_		

- Increases our production without displacement of workers.
- Employ temporary employees
- Early retirements
- Through increasing business
- Increased growth takes up the slack
- No effect as of yet.
- Within plant training for inter-departmental areas.
- Have experienced no displacement of personnel.
- Employ temporary help during planning and installation whenever possible.
- On handy jobs, have a rate support provision to cushion impact of down-grading due to automation.



7. Has automation added any new jobs TOTAL in your company during the past year?	MFG. %	SERVICE %	RETAIL %	BANK %	INS. %
Yes	74	81	63	92	63
No	26	19	37	8	37
If yes, list below by name:					
Key punch operator 22	23	18	24	20	20
EDP programmer 27	27	23	21	36	30
Machine maintenance 8	9	7	10	3	10
Systems Analyst 19	19	16	24	19	25
Electronic technician 9	10	12	11	3	5
EDP manager	8	8	10	13	10
Other	4	6		6	

- Tab operator
- Operations research analysts
- We have expanded Ind. Engineering and cost analysis depts.
- Scientific Programmers
- Inventory Control Clerks
- Encoder
- Console Operator
- Computor Supervisor
- Market Analyst
- Sales of computer accounting systems
- Servicing EDP customers using our service
- Certain clerical for input preparation, magnetic ink, rather than punch card.

## 8. Are you presently short of personnel in any of the above occupations:

any or the above occupations.					
Yes	26	21	41	36	37
No	74	79	59	64	63
If yes, can you estimate roughly					
about how many people in each					
group:					

(Shown below as per cent responding to each classification)

Key punch operator 15	12	33	30		17
EDP programmer	33	17	10	57	67
Machine maintenance 6	9				
Systems analyst 25	29		40	14	16
Electronic technician	10	33	10	*******	
<b>EDP</b> manager	2	-	10		
Other	5	17		29	

- Operations research analysts.
- Control Clerk



9. Is your company now contemplating TOTAL the following types of automation	MFG. %	SERVICE %	RETAIL %	BANK %	INS. %
within the next 5 years:			_	_	_
Numerical control machining 5	6	3	3	7	6
Automatic packaging 5	6		6		
Self-correcting processing equip-					_
ment	2	2	7	منتخبيون	7
Computer-controlled operations in:					
Material processing 9	10	12	8	-	
Quality control	8	5	8		
Information retrieval	10	18	10	33	25
Sales forcasting	13	8	15	13	19
Material movement 8	9	8	5	8	
Inventory control 20	20	21	20	13	6
Billing	12	16	15	13	25
Other	4	7	3	14	12

- Payroll
- Cost center data accumulation
- Manufacturing Processes
- Production Control
- Accounts Payable
- Accounts Receivable
- Process Control
- Payroll and Personnel
- Personnel Records
- Addressing & Mailing
- Insurance Company writing
- Automatic Sub and Hydro Generation
- Order entry
- Personnel Inventory
- Accounting Billing Services for other firms

# 10. What factors are most difficult to overcome in the extension of automation in your company?

Work does not lend itself to auto-					
mation	40	38	38	34	80
No equipment available to automate 9	11	4	12		
Automatic equipment we could use				00	00
is too expensive 26	25	30	31	33	20
Government regulations 3	2	8			
Organized labor	15	15	19		
Automation tried, but created more					
problems than it solved 2	2	4			
Quality suffers by comparison with					
hand methods 4	5	4		33	



- Determining areas where savings will accrue
- Untrained personnel
- Automation is oversold, too expensive unless the bulk of the work is of an "Automatic Nature"
- Training personnel for new jobs
- A matter of time and manpower to extend use of available equipment and improve efficiency
- Change itself
- Convincing the Supervisor that automation can do a better job.
- RETAIL BANK INS. 11. In the past 5 years, have any new SERVICE MFG. TOTAL products, services, company activities, or other growth factors caused your total employment to grow, despite automation? 69 62 43 60 70 Our employment has increased because of the following factors: 29 14 35 33 New products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29 22 53 15 16 40 Office and administrative 16 35 14 13 15 19 20 20 More research and engineering. . . . 19 22 Larger factory-office staff 14 12 13 15 15 38 **57** 40 31 30 Our employment has declined in 55 33 **50** 42 31 Our employment has remained 35 **პ7** . **50** 58 about the same . . . . . . . . . . . . . 65

- Overall growth of the institution
- Steady customer growth
- Greater volume of business
- Increased sales through better penetration of existing markets, plus new area development.
- 12. In the past 5 years, has your company discontinued more office jobs that production jobs? 20 40 50 67 68 More production jobs . . . . . . . . . . . . . 63 **50** 80 33 60 32 13. In what category of business would 6 8 11 17 58

